

SBA Loan Construction Checklist

Principals: All principals with 20% or more ownership interest will need to provide the below
Personal Financial Statement (Signed & dated with 60 days and signed by spouse if married)
Management Resume Form OR Copy of Personal Resume
Completed SBA 1919 Form
4506T aka IRS Tax Verification Form
2012 Personal Tax Return (Only required if 2015 Personal Tax Return is not available)
2013 Personal Tax Return
2014 Personal Tax Return
2015 Personal Tax Return (If/when available)
2015 W-2 (Including spouse - If applicable)
Affiliates Business: If applicable will need the below for all other businesses owned 20% or more
<i>An affiliate business is defined as any outside business where principal owns 20% or greater in that business</i>
4506T aka IRS Tax Verification Form
2012 Affiliate Business Tax Return (Only required if 2015 Personal Tax Return is not available)
2013 Affiliate Business Tax Return
2014 Affiliate Business Tax Return
2015 Affiliate Business Tax Return (If Filed)
12/31/15 Year Ending Profit & Loss Statement (Only necessary if 2015 Tax Return is not filed)
12/31/15 Year Ending Balance Sheet (Only necessary if 2015 Tax Return is not filed)
Affiliate Business Debt Schedule with current loan balances matching balance sheet
Interim Profit & Loss Statement (Must be less than 60 Days Old)
Interim Balance Sheet (Must be less than 60 Days Old)
New Hotel Business:
Copy of settlement statement for land purchase (If Applicable)
Copy of purchase and sales agreement for land with all amendments thereto OR Signed LOI between Buyer/Seller
Copy of 24 month detailed projections with assumptions to projections
Copy of Business Plan for new business
Detailed construction cost breakdown by licensed general contractor with all FF&E bids
Completed HBC Hotel Information Form

MANAGEMENT RESUME

Please fill in all spaces. If an item is not applicable, please indicate as such. You may include additional relevant information on a separate exhibit. SIGN/DATE where indicated.

PERSONAL INFORMATION			
NAME			SS #
DATE OF BIRTH		PLACE OF BIRTH	
RESIDENCE TELEPHONE		BUSINESS TELEPHONE	
RESIDENCE ADDRESS		FROM DATE	TO PRESENT DATE
PREVIOUS ADDRESS		FROM DATE	TO DATE
SPOUSE'S NAME			SS #
ARE YOU EMPLOYED BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		IF YES, AGENCY / POSITION	
ARE YOU A U.S. CITIZEN? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		IF NO, GIVE ALIEN REGISTRATION NUMBER	

EDUCATION			
High School / Collage / Technical – Name / Location	Dates Attended	Major	Degree / Certificate

MILITARY SERVICE BACKGROUND	
Branch of Service	Dates of Service

WORK EXPERIENCE: List chronologically beginning with present employer			
Company Name		Company Location	
Date From	Date To	Title	
Duties			
Company Name		Company Location	
Date From	Date To	Title	
Duties			
Company Name		Company Location	
Date From	Date To	Title	
Duties			

Signature _____

Date _____



BORROWER INFORMATION FORM

For use with all 7(a) Programs

The purpose of this form is to collect identifying information about the applicant, loan request, indebtedness, information about the principals, information about current or previous government financing, and certain other disclosures. The information also facilitates background checks as authorized by Section 7(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act, 15 U.S.C. 636(a)(1)(B). This form is to be completed by the Small Business Applicant and submitted to an SBA Participating Lender.

To be completed by the following:

(With the exception of guarantors, all parties listed below are considered "Associates" of the small business applicant.)

- For a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor;
- For a partnership, all general partners and all limited partners owning 20% or more of the equity of the firm;
- For a corporation, all owners of 20% or more of the corporation and each officer and director;
- For limited liability companies (LLCs), all members owning 20% or more of the company, each officer, director, and managing member;
- Any person hired by the business to manage day-to-day operations; and
- Any other person who is guaranteeing the loan, if required by SBA.

For clarification regarding any of the questions, you should contact the SBA Participating Lender that will be processing the loan request.

NAME OF BUSINESS APPLYING FOR LOAN ("APPLICANT"): _____

YOUR NAME: _____ TITLE: _____

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: _____ DATE OF BIRTH: _____

PLACE OF BIRTH (City & State or Foreign Country): _____

Veteran**	1=Non-Veteran; 2=Veteran-Other; 3=Service-Disabled Veteran; 4=Not Disclosed.					
Gender**	M=Male; F=Female; N=Not Disclosed					
Race**	1=American Indian or Alaska Native; 2=Asian; 3=Black or African-American; 4=Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; 5=White; X=Not Disclosed					
Ethnicity**	H=Hispanic or Latino; N=Not Hispanic or Latino; Y=Not Disclosed					
Owner	% Owned	Veteran	Gender	Race	Ethnicity	List proprietors, partners, officers, directors, all holders of outstanding stock. 100% of ownership must be shown. Use separate sheet if necessary. Please reference the above codes to complete this table for each owner of the applicant business. More than one race may be selected.

**** The gender/race/ethnicity/veteran data is collected for program reporting purposes only. Disclosure is voluntary and has no bearing on the credit decision.**

ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED AND ARE SUBJECT TO VERIFICATION BY SBA

- (1) Are you presently subject to an indictment, criminal information, arraignment, or other means by which formal criminal charges are brought in any jurisdiction? Yes ... No
- (2) Have you been arrested in the past six months for any criminal offense? Yes ... No
- (3) For any criminal offense – other than a minor vehicle violation – have you ever: 1) been convicted; 2) plead guilty; 3) plead nolo contendere; 4) been placed on pretrial diversion; or 5) been placed on any form of parole or probation (including probation before judgment)? Yes ... No
- (4) Has an application for the loan you are applying for now ever been submitted to SBA or to a Certified Development Company or lender in connection with any SBA program? Yes No

- (5) Are you presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency? Yes ... No
- (6) If you are at least a 50% or more owner of the applicant business, are you more than 60 days delinquent on any obligation to pay child support arising under an administrative order, court order, repayment agreement between the holder and a custodial parent, or repayment agreement between the holder and a state agency providing child support enforcement services? Yes ... No

If “YES” to Question 1, the loan request is ineligible for SBA assistance. If there is a “YES” response to Question 2 or 3, you must complete SBA Form 912 and furnish details on a separate sheet, including dates, location, fines, sentences, whether misdemeanor or felony, dates of parole/probation, unpaid fines or penalties, name(s) under which charged, and any other pertinent information. If “YES” to Questions 2 or 3, the lender will be required to conduct a background check and make a character determination in accordance with the procedures described in SOP 50 10 5. If “YES” to Question 3 and you are currently on parole or probation (including probation before judgment), the loan request is ineligible for SBA assistance. If the charge resulting in a “YES” was a single misdemeanor that was subsequently dropped without prosecution, you must provide documentation from the appropriate court or prosecutor’s office along with the completed Form 912.

If “YES” to Questions 4, 5 or 6, this application may not be submitted to SBA under any delegated or expedited processing method, but must be submitted to the Standard 7(a) Loan Guaranty Processing Center (LGPC) for non-delegated processing. The only exception is an application that was declined under a 7(a) Small Loan due to the applicant’s credit score may be submitted under SBA Express procedures. Note: This does not mean that your loan will be denied, only that your lender will need to use different SBA procedures to process the loan.

- (7) Are you a U.S. Citizen?..... Yes ... No
 If “No,” are you a Lawful Permanent resident alien?..... Yes ... No
 Provide Alien Registration Number _____

- (8) Are any of your business’ products or services exported or do you plan to begin exporting as a result of this loan?..... Yes ... No
 If “Yes,” provide the estimated total export sales this loan will support: \$_____

- (9) Is your business a franchise?..... Yes ... No

- (10) Does the Applicant business have any Affiliates? Yes ... No

Affiliation exists when one individual or entity controls or has the power to control another or when a third party or parties control or have the power to control both. SBA considers factors such as ownership, management previous relationships with or ties to another entity, and contractual relationships when determining whether affiliation exists. The complete definition of affiliation is found at 13 CFR 121.103. (See also, 13 CFR 121.107 and 121.301.) An “Affiliate” includes, for example: (1) a parent company; (2) subsidiaries and other companies that are owned or controlled by the Applicant; (3) companies in which an officer, director, general partner, managing member or party owning 20% or more is also an officer, director, general partner, managing member or 20% or greater owner of the Applicant; (4) companies or individuals with unexercised options to own 50% or more of the Applicant’s stock; and (5) companies that have entered into agreements to merge with the Applicant.

If answered “yes,” attach a listing of all Affiliates to this form.

- (11) Have you, the Applicant, its Affiliates, or any business owned or controlled by you or any Associate ever obtained a direct or guaranteed loan from SBA or any other Federal agency or been a guarantor on such a loan? (This includes student loans and disaster loans.) Yes ... No

(a) If you answered “Yes” to Question 11, is any of the financing currently delinquent?..... Yes ... No

(b) If you answered “Yes” to Question 11, did any of this financing ever default and cause a loss to the Government? Yes ... No

- (12) What is the existing number of employees currently employed by the business? _____

- (13) Number of jobs to be created as a result of the loan? _____ Number of jobs that will be retained as a result of the loan that would have been lost otherwise? _____

- (14) Have you or the Applicant used (or intend to use) a packager, broker, accountant, lawyer, etc. to assist in (a) preparing the loan application or any related materials and/or (b) referring the loan to the lender?..... Yes ... No

If answer is “Yes,” a SBA [Form 159](#) 7(a) will need to be completed by the Applicant and the lender.

- (15) Will more than \$10,000 of the loan proceeds be used for construction? Yes ... No
 If answer is “Yes,” a SBA [Form 601](#) will need to be completed.
- (16) Are any of the Applicant’s revenues derived from gambling or from the sale of products or services, or the presentation of any depiction, displays or live performances, of a prurient sexual nature? Yes ... No
- (17) Is the loan request for a Community Advantage Pilot Program loan? Yes ...No
 If answer is “Yes,” a SBA Form 2449, Community Advantage Addendum will need to be completed.

SBA may not provide financial assistance to an applicant where there is any appearance of a conflict of interest with an SBA or other governmental employee. If any of the questions below are answered “False”, this application may not be submitted under any delegated or expedited processing method, but must be submitted to the LGPC for non-delegated processing. Note: This does not mean that your loan will be denied, only that your lender will need to use different SBA procedures to process the loan.

- (18) No SBA employee, or the household member (see definition at * below) of an SBA employee, is a sole proprietor, partner, officer, director, or stockholder with a 10 percent or more interest, of the Applicant. [13 CFR 105.204] True____ False____
- (19) No former SBA employee, who has been separated from SBA for less than one year prior to the request for financial assistance, is an employee, owner, partner, attorney, agent, owner of stock, officer, director, creditor or debtor of the Applicant. [13 CFR 105.203] True____ False____
- (20) No member of Congress, or an appointed official or employee of the legislative or judicial branch of the Federal Government, is a sole proprietor, general partner, officer, director, or stockholder with a 10 percent or more interest, or household member of such individual, of the Applicant. [13 CFR 105.301(c)] True____ False____
- (21) No Government employee having a grade of at least GS-13 or higher is a sole proprietor, general partner, officer, director, or stockholder with a 10 percent or more interest, or a household member of such individual, of the Applicant. [13 CFR 105.301(a)] True____ False____
- (22) No member or employee of a Small Business Advisory Council or a SCORE volunteer is a sole proprietor, general partner, officer, director, or stockholder with a 10 percent or more interest, or a household member of such individual, of the Applicant. [13 CFR 105.302(a)] True____ False____

* A “**household member**” of an SBA employee includes: a) the spouse of the SBA employee; b) the minor children of said individual; and c) the blood relatives of the employee, and the blood relatives of the employee’s spouse who reside in the same place of abode as the employee.[13 CFR 105.201(d)]

Please read the following restrictions regarding use of federal financial assistance programs. If you understand them fully and agree to them, sign your name at the end of this document.

SBA is required to withhold or limit financial assistance, to impose special conditions on approved loans, to provide special notices to applicants or borrowers and to require special reports and data from borrowers in order to comply with legislation passed by the Congress and Executive Orders issued by the President and by the provisions of various inter-agency agreements. SBA has issued regulations and procedures that implement these laws and executive orders. These are contained in Parts 112, 113, and 117 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations and in Standard Operating Procedures.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) -- Any person can request to see or get copies of any personal information that SBA has in his or her file when that file is retrieved by individual identifiers such as name or social security numbers. Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit or privilege to which you are entitled. Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are, however, required for a benefit, as SBA requires an individual seeking assistance from SBA to provide it with sufficient information for it to make a character determination. In determining whether an individual is of good character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions. Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 USC Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (the Act). Further, for all forms of assistance, SBA is authorized to make all investigations necessary to ensure that a person has not engaged in acts that violate or will violate the Act or the Small Business Investment Act, 15 USC Sections 634(b)(11) and 687(b)(a), respectively. For these purposes, you are asked to voluntarily provide your social security number to assist SBA in making a character determination and to distinguish you from other individuals with the same or similar name or other personal identifier.

The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's investigative files system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for, or otherwise involved in investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is disclosure to other Federal agencies conducting background checks; only to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. See, 74 F.R. 14890 (2009), and as amended from time to time for additional background and other routine uses.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) -- This is notice to you as required by the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, of SBA's access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business, including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. The law provides that SBA shall have a right of access to your financial records in connection with its consideration or administration of assistance to you in the form of a Government guaranteed loan. SBA is required to provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records, after which no further certification is required for subsequent accesses. The law also provides that SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. No further notice to you of SBA's access rights is required during the term of any such agreement. The law also authorizes SBA to transfer to another Government authority any financial records included in an application for a loan, or concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) -- This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that will be automatically released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers (and their officers, directors, stockholders or partners), the collateral pledged to secure the loan, the amount of the loan, its purpose in general terms and the maturity. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Flood Disaster Protection Act (42 U.S.C. 4011) -- Regulations have been issued by the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) and by SBA implementing this Act and its amendments. These regulations prohibit SBA from making certain loans in an FIA designated floodplain unless Federal Flood insurance is purchased as a condition of the loan. Failure to maintain the required level of flood insurance makes the applicant ineligible for any financial assistance from SBA, including disaster assistance.

Executive Orders -- Floodplain Management and Wetland Protection (42 F.R. 26951 and 42 F.R. 26961) -- SBA discourages settlement in or development of a floodplain or a wetland. This statement is to notify all SBA loan applicants that such actions are hazardous to both life and property and should be avoided. The additional cost of flood preventive construction must be considered in addition to the possible loss of all assets and investments due to a future flood.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) -- This legislation authorizes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration in the Department of Labor to require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees or pay penalty fees. Businesses can be forced to cease operations or be prevented from starting operations in a new facility. Therefore, SBA may require additional information from an applicant to determine whether the business will be in compliance with OSHA regulations and allowed to operate its facility after the loan is approved and disbursed. Signing this form as an applicant is certification that the OSHA requirements that apply to the applicant business have been determined and that the applicant, to the best of its knowledge, is in compliance. Furthermore, applicant certifies that it will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights Legislation (13 C.F.R. 112, 113, 117) -- All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. This includes making their goods and services available to handicapped clients or customers. All business borrowers will be required to display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) -- The Federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibits creditors from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program, or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Executive Order 11738 -- Environmental Protection (38 F.R. 251621) -- The Executive Order charges SBA with administering its loan programs in a manner that will result in effective enforcement of the Clean Air Act, the Federal Water Pollution Act and other environment protection legislation.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) -- These laws require SBA to collect aggressively any loan payments which become delinquent. SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan, and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may take one or more of the following actions: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government, (4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice or other attorneys for litigation, or (6) foreclose on collateral or take other action permitted in the loan instruments.

Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (Pub. L. 99-603) -- If you are an alien who was in this country illegally since before January 1, 1982, you may have been granted lawful temporary resident status by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service pursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. For five years from the date you are granted such status, you are not eligible for financial assistance from the SBA in the form of a loan guaranty under Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act unless you are disabled or a Cuban or Haitian entrant. When you sign this document, you are making the certification that the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 does not apply to you, or if it does apply, more than five years have elapsed since you have been granted lawful temporary resident status pursuant to such 1986 legislation.

Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.)

Borrowers using SBA funds for the construction or rehabilitation of a residential structure are prohibited from using lead-based paint (as defined in SBA regulations) on all interior surfaces, whether accessible or not, and exterior surfaces, such as stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, which are readily accessible to children under 7 years of age. A "residential structure" is any home, apartment, hotel, motel, orphanage, boarding school, dormitory, day care center, extended care facility, college or other school housing, hospital, group practice or community facility and all other residential or institutional structures where persons reside.

Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension (13 C.F.R. 145) -- The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this loan application, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participants shall attach an explanation to the loan application.

By Signing Below, You Make the Following Representations, Authorizations and Certifications

REPRESENTATIONS AND AUTHORIZATIONS: I represent that I have read the items above and I understand them. I represent that I will comply, whenever applicable, with the hazard insurance, lead-based paint, civil rights or other limitations in this notice. I further represent that all SBA loan proceeds will be used only for business related purposes as specified in the loan application and, to the extent feasible, to purchase only American-made equipment and products. I authorize the SBA Office of Inspector General to request criminal record information about me from criminal justice agencies for the purpose of determining my eligibility for programs authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended.

CERTIFICATION AS TO ACCURACY: I certify that the information provided in this application and the information that I have provided in all supporting documents and forms is true and accurate. I realize that the penalty for knowingly making a false statement to obtain a guaranteed loan from SBA is that I may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or be put in jail for up to 5 years under 18 USC § 1001 and if false statements are submitted to a Federally insured institution, I may be fined up to \$1,000,000 and/or be put in jail for up to 30 years under 18 USC § 1014.

Signature

Date

Print Name

NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act, you are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The estimated burden for completing this form, including time for reviewing instructions, gathering data needed, and completing and reviewing the form is 9 minutes per response. Comments or questions on the burden estimates should be sent to U.S. Small Business Administration, Chief, AIB, 409 3rd St., SW, Washington DC 20416, and/or SBA Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Rm. 10202, Washington DC 20503. **PLEASE DO NOT SEND FORMS TO THESE ADDRESSES.**



**PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT
 7(a) / 504 LOANS AND SURETY BONDS**

U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

As of _____, _____

SBA uses the information required by this Form 413 as one of a number of data sources in analyzing the repayment ability and creditworthiness of an application for an SBA guaranteed 7(a) or 504 loan or a guaranteed surety.

Complete this form for: (1) each proprietor; (2) general partner; (3) managing member of a limited liability company (LLC); (4) each owner of 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant (including the assets of the owner's spouse and any minor children); and (5) any person providing a guaranty on the loan

Return completed form to:

For 7(a) loans: the lender processing the application for SBA guaranty

For 504 loans: the Certified Development Company (CDC) processing the application for SBA guaranty

For Surety Bonds: the Surety Company or Agent processing the application for surety bond guaranty

Name	Business Phone
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Home Address	Home Phone
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City, State, & Zip Code

Business Name of Applicant

ASSETS (Omit Cents)	LIABILITIES (Omit Cents)
Cash on Hand & in banks.....\$ _____	Accounts Payable.....\$ _____
Savings Accounts.....\$ _____	Notes Payable to Banks and Others.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 2)
IRA or Other Retirement Account.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 5)	Installment Account (Auto).....\$ _____ Mo. Payments \$ _____
Accounts & Notes Receivable.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 5)	Installment Account (Other).....\$ _____ Mo. Payments \$ _____
Life Insurance – Cash Surrender Value Only.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 8)	Loan(s) Against Life Insurance.....\$ _____
Stocks and Bonds.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 3)	Mortgages on Real Estate.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 4)
Real Estate.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 4)	Unpaid Taxes.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 6)
Automobiles.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 5, and include Year/Make/Model)	Other Liabilities.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 7)
Other Personal Property.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 5)	Total Liabilities.....\$ _____
Other Assets.....\$ _____ (Describe in Section 5)	Net Worth.....\$ _____
Total \$ _____	Total \$ _____ *Must equal total in assets column.

Section 1. Source of Income.	Contingent Liabilities
Salary.....\$ _____	As Endorser or Co-Maker.....\$ _____
Net Investment Income.....\$ _____	Legal Claims & Judgments.....\$ _____
Real Estate Income.....\$ _____	Provision for Federal Income Tax.....\$ _____
Other Income (Describe below)*.....\$ _____	Other Special Debt.....\$ _____

Description of Other Income in Section 1.

*Alimony or child support payments should not be disclosed in "Other Income" unless it is desired to have such payments counted toward total income.

Section 2. Notes Payable to Banks and Others. (Use attachments if necessary. Each attachment must be identified as part of this statement and signed.)

Names and Addresses of Noteholder(s)	Original Balance	Current Balance	Payment Amount	Frequency (monthly, etc.)	How Secured or Endorsed Type of Collateral

Section 3. Stocks and Bonds. (Use attachments if necessary. Each attachment must be identified as part of this statement and signed.)

Number of Shares	Name of Securities	Cost	Market Value Quotation/Exchange	Date of Quotation/Exchange	Total Value

Section 4. Real Estate Owned. (List each parcel separately. Use attachment if necessary. Each attachment must be identified as a part of this statement and signed.)

	Property A	Property B	Property C
Type of Real Estate (e.g. Primary Residence, Other Residence, Rental Property, Land, etc.)			
Address			
Date Purchased			
Original Cost			
Present Market Value			
Name & Address of Mortgage Holder			
Mortgage Account Number			
Mortgage Balance			
Amount of Payment per Month/Year			
Status of Mortgage			

Section 5. Other Personal Property and Other Assets. (Describe, and, if any is pledged as security, state name and address of lien holder, amount of lien, terms of payment and, if delinquent, describe delinquency.)

Section 6. Unpaid Taxes. (Describe in detail as to type, to whom payable, when due, amount, and to what property, if any, a tax lien attaches.)

Section 7. Other Liabilities. (Describe in detail.)

Section 8. Life Insurance Held. (Give face amount and cash surrender value of policies – name of insurance company and Beneficiaries.)

I authorize the SBA/Lender/Surety Company to make inquiries as necessary to verify the accuracy of the statements made and to determine my creditworthiness.

CERTIFICATION: (to be completed by each person submitting the information requested on this form)

By signing this form, I certify under penalty of criminal prosecution that all information on this form and any additional supporting information submitted with this form is true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that SBA or its participating Lenders or Certified Development Companies or Surety Companies will rely on this information when making decisions regarding an application for a loan or a surety bond. I further certify that I have read the attached statements required by law and executive order.

Signature _____

Date _____

Print Name _____

Social Security No. _____

Signature _____

Date _____

Print Name _____

Social Security No. _____

NOTICE TO LOAN AND SURETY BOND APPLICANTS: CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES FOR FALSE STATEMENTS:

Knowingly making a false statement on this form is a violation of Federal law and could result in criminal prosecution, significant civil penalties, and a denial of your loan or surety bond application. A false statement is punishable under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 and 3571 by imprisonment of not more than five years and/or a fine of up to \$250,000; under 15 U.S.C. § 645 by imprisonment of not more than two years and/or a fine of not more than \$5,000; and, if submitted to a Federally-insured institution, a false statement is punishable under 18 U.S.C. § 1014 by imprisonment of not more than thirty years and/or a fine of not more than \$1,000,000. Additionally, false statements can lead to treble damages and civil penalties under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729, and other administrative remedies including suspension and debarment.

PLEASE NOTE: The estimated average burden hours for the completion of this form is 1.5 hours per response. If you have questions or comments concerning this estimate or any other aspect of this information, please contact Chief, Administrative Branch, U.S. Small Business Administration, Washington, D.C. 20416, and Clearance officer, paper Reduction Project (3245-0188), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503. PLEASE DO NOT SEND FORMS TO OMB.

PLEASE READ, DETACH, AND RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS
STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY LAW AND EXECUTIVE ORDER

SBA is required to withhold or limit financial assistance, to impose special conditions on approved loans, to provide special notices to applicants or borrowers and to require special reports and data from borrowers in order to comply with legislation passed by the Congress and Executive Orders issued by the President and by the provisions of various inter-agency agreements. SBA has issued regulations and procedures that implement these laws and executive orders. These are contained in Parts 112, 113, and 117 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations and in Standard Operating Procedures.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a)

Any person can request to see or get copies of any personal information that SBA has in his or her file when that file is retrieved by individual identifiers such as name or social security numbers. Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit or privilege to which you are entitled. Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are, however, required for a benefit, as SBA requires an individual seeking assistance from SBA to provide it with sufficient information for it to make a character determination. In determining whether an individual is of good character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions. Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 USC Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (the Act). Further, for all forms of assistance, SBA is authorized to make all investigations necessary to ensure that a person has not engaged in acts that violate or will violate the Act or the Small Business Investment Act, 15 USC Sections 634(b)(11) and 687(b)(a), respectively. For these purposes, you are asked to voluntarily provide your social security number to assist SBA in making a character determination and to distinguish you from other individuals with the same or similar name or other personal identifier.

The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's investigative files system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for, or otherwise involved in investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is disclosure to other Federal agencies conducting background checks; only to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. See, 74 F.R. 14890 (2009), and as amended from time to time for additional background and other routine uses.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) -- This is notice to you as required by the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, of SBA's access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business, including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. The law provides that SBA shall have a right of access to your financial records in connection with its consideration or administration of assistance to you in the form of a Government guaranteed loan. SBA is required to provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records, after which no further certification is required for subsequent accesses. The law also provides that SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. No further notice to you of SBA's access rights is required during the term of any such agreement. The law also authorizes SBA to transfer to another Government authority any financial records included in a application for a loan, or concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552)

This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that will be automatically released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers (and their officers, directors, stockholders or partners), the collateral pledged to secure the loan, the amount of the loan, its purpose in general terms and the maturity. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Flood Disaster Protection Act (42 U.S.C. 4011) -- Regulations have been issued by the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) and by SBA implementing this Act and its amendments. These regulations prohibit SBA from making certain loans in an FIA designated floodplain unless Federal Flood insurance is purchased as a condition of the loan. Failure to maintain the required level of flood insurance makes the applicant ineligible for any financial assistance from SBA, including disaster assistance.

Executive Orders -- Floodplain Management and Wetland Protection (42 F.R. 26951 and 42 F.R. 26961) – SBA discourages settlement in or development of a floodplain or a wetland. This statement is to notify all SBA loan applicants that such actions are hazardous to both life and property and should be avoided. The additional cost of flood preventive construction must be considered in addition to the possible loss of all assets and investments due to a future flood.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) -- This legislation authorizes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration in the Department of Labor to require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees or pay penalty fees. Businesses can be forced to cease operations or be prevented from starting operations in a new facility. Therefore, SBA may require additional information from an applicant to determine whether the business will be in compliance with OSHA regulations and allowed to operate its facility after the loan is approved and disbursed. Signing this form as an applicant is certification that the OSHA requirements that apply to the applicant business have been determined and that the applicant, to the best of its knowledge, is in compliance. Furthermore, applicant certifies that it will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights Legislation -- All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. This includes making their goods and services available to handicapped clients or customers. All business borrowers will be required to display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) -- The Federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibits creditors from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program, or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Executive Order 11738 -- Environmental Protection (38 F.R. 251621) -- The Executive Order charges SBA with administering its loan programs in a manner that will result in effective enforcement of the Clean Air Act, the Federal Water Pollution Act and other environment protection legislation.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) -- These laws require SBA to collect aggressively any loan payments which become delinquent. SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan, and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may take one or more of the following actions: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government, (4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice or other attorneys for litigation, or (6) foreclose on collateral or take other action permitted in the loan instruments.

Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (Pub. L. 99-603) -- If you are an alien who was in this country illegally since before January 1, 1982, you may have been granted lawful temporary resident status by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service pursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. For five years from the date you are granted such status, you are not eligible for financial assistance from the SBA in the form of a loan guaranty under Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act unless you are disabled or a Cuban or Haitian entrant. When you sign this document, you are making the certification that the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 does not apply to you, or if it does apply, more than five years have elapsed since you have been granted lawful temporary resident status pursuant to such 1986 legislation.

Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.)

Borrowers using SBA funds for the construction or rehabilitation of a residential structure are prohibited from using lead-based paint (as defined in SBA regulations) on all interior surfaces, whether accessible or not, and exterior surfaces, such as stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, which are readily accessible to children under 7 years of age. A "residential structure" is any home, apartment, hotel, motel, orphanage, boarding school, dormitory, day care center, extended care facility, college or other school housing, hospital, group practice or community facility and all other residential or institutional structures where persons reside.

Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension 2 CFR 2700

1. The borrower or contractor certifies, by submission of its application for an SBA loan or bond guarantee, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participants shall attach an explanation to the application.



HOTEL BUSINESS CAPITAL – HOTEL INFORMATION FORM

Property Address: _____

Nearby Highways: _____ Distance from property: _____

Total Number of Rooms: _____ Number of Buildings: _____ Number of Stories: _____

Singles: _____
Kings: _____
Doubles: _____
Suites: _____
Rooms Out of Service: _____

Total lot square footage: _____

Age of the building: _____

What is age of the FF&E? _____

When was the last major renovation?

What were the renovations and total cost?

If Franchise, what is the remaining term?

What is the estimated PIP cost requirements from franchise?

Is there a restaurant or a 3rd party lease of any kind on site? If so, what are the terms?

Nearby competitors

	<u>Name:</u>	<u>Est. # of Units</u>	<u>Distance from property</u>
1.			
2.			
3.			

Describe area and occupancy generators:

Business Debt Schedule

THIS SCHEDULE SHOULD CONTAIN LOANS FOR CONTRACTS AND NOTES PAYABLE, NOT ACCOUNTS PAYABLE OR ACCRUED	
Company Name	Date
Principal Signature	

Creditor Name/Account No.	Original Date	Original Amount	Present Balance	Interest Rate	Monthly Payment	Maturity Date	Collateral Security
Total Present Balance							